Helping your children choose books they will love



Lovereading4kids.co.uk is a book website created for parents and children to make choosing books easy and fun

Opening extract from Let's Look in Ponds & Rivers

Written by Caz Buckingham & Andrea Pinnington

Published by **Fine Feather Press Ltd**

All Text is Copyright © of the Author and/or Illustrator

Please print off and read at your leisure.





WITH THANKS TO

David Burnie - Natural-history consultant Sunita Gahir - Production adviser Ian Fisher for the kingfisher image

First published in 2014 by Fire Fusther Press Limited The Coach House, Elstrad Road, Fambans, Narrey GU10 IJE

Copyright © 2014 Fine Feather Press Limited

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be approduced, shood in a retrieval system or transmitted in any item or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, meeding or otherwise, without the prior permission of the publishers.

A CIP catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library

S8N: 978 1-908499-13-5

Printed and bound in China by Hung Hing



www.finefeatherpress.com

PONDS & RIVERS

HOW TO USE THIS BOOK

Ponds and rivers come to life in the spring when the weather warms up. They are wonderful places to sit and watch wildlife – but never go too close to the water's edge and always stay with an adult. Use this guide to...



...read about the world of ponds and rivers and discover what is so amazing about them.



...take outside with you to see what you can find and identify, then tick off the things you see.



...have fun playing with the stickers on the fold-out pond-and-river play scene at the back.



Life cycle of a frog

See how a frog changes as it grows from an egg into an adult. This process of changing states is called metamorphosis.



1. A female frog lays its eggs in water.

5. The tail shortens and then disappears.

> 4. Each tadpole grows back legs, then front legs.



3. After two weeks, the eggs turn into tadpoles.





Waterbirds all with

Look at the feet and beaks of waterbirds. Many have skin between their toes to help them swim, and their beaks are often flat to help sift the water for food.

Coots These black birds have large, grey feet. The males use them for fighting.

Swons Swans are one of the largest of all waterbirds. Their grey chicks are called cygnets.

Moorhens They look like coots, but they are slightly smaller and have red beaks.



Mandarins These colourful ducks come from China. The male is much brighter than the female.



Great crested grebes Watch these birds dive for food, then guess where they are going to reappear.



