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Opening extract from

See Inside First World War

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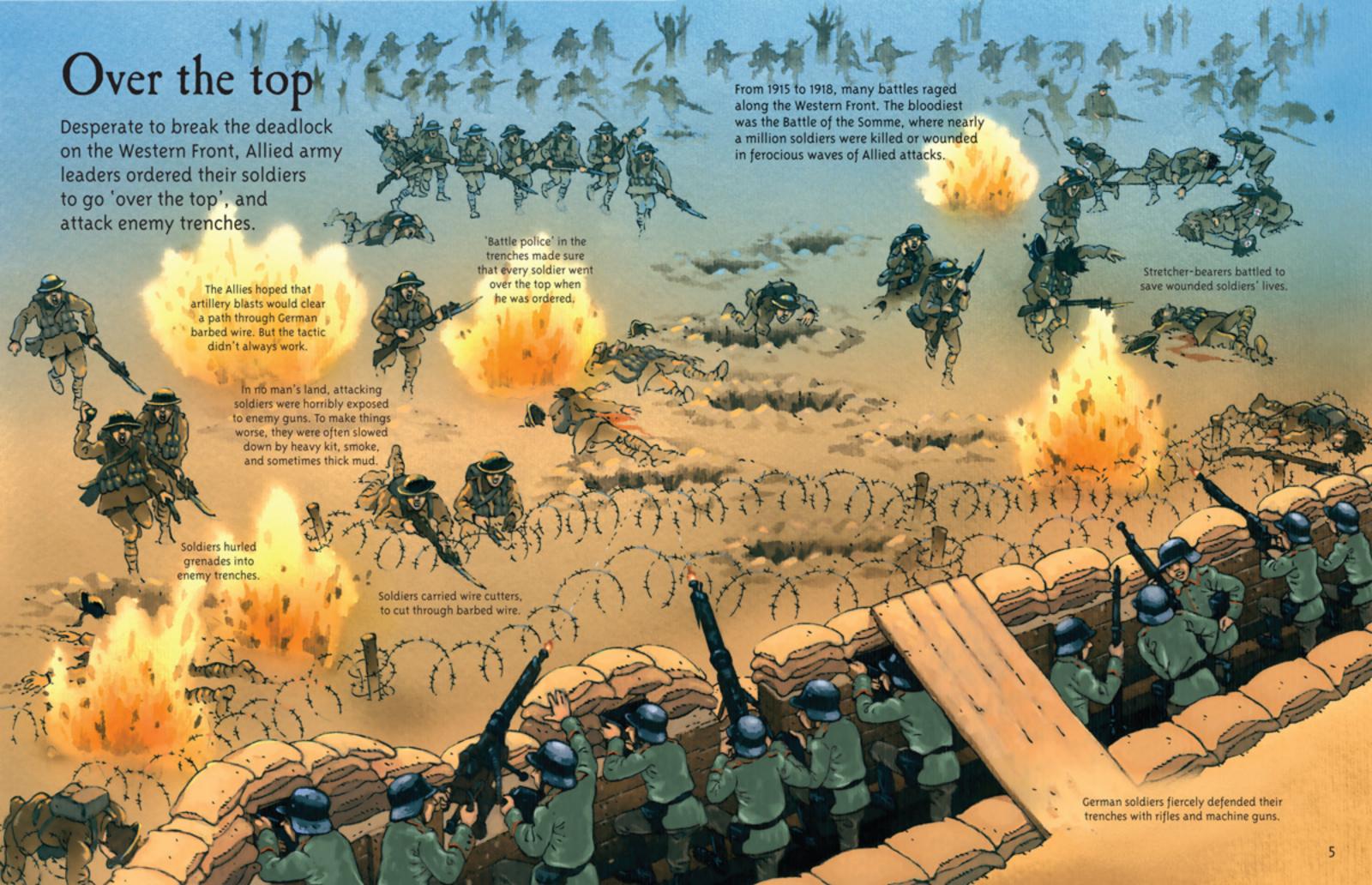
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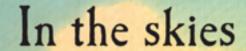
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As fighting continued on the ground, battles raged in the sky too. Hulking airships loaded with bombs loomed over cities, while agile fighter planes clashed in deadly dogfights.

At the start of the War, aircraft were only used for spying on enemy positions, or directing artillery guns. But, by 1916, speedy fighter planes also fought over the Western Front.

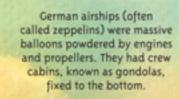
Most fighter planes had two wings, and were known as 'biplanes'. The wings were wooden frames, covered in canvas.





The British Sopwith Fi Camel shot down more aircraft than any other type of fighter plane during the war.

> Pilots sat in cramped, open cockpits.



Any pilot that shot down five enemy planes was known as an 'ace'.

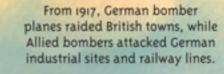
The most famous air ace was German

pilot Baron von Richthofen. Known as the

Red Baron because he flew in a red triplane

- a plane with three wings - he shot down

80 Allied aircraft.



German Zeppelin-Staaken bombers were the biggest planes of the war.



Some airships hung 'observation cars' from wires.

