



Opening extract from

Field Guide To Dragons

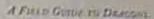
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Published by **Templar**

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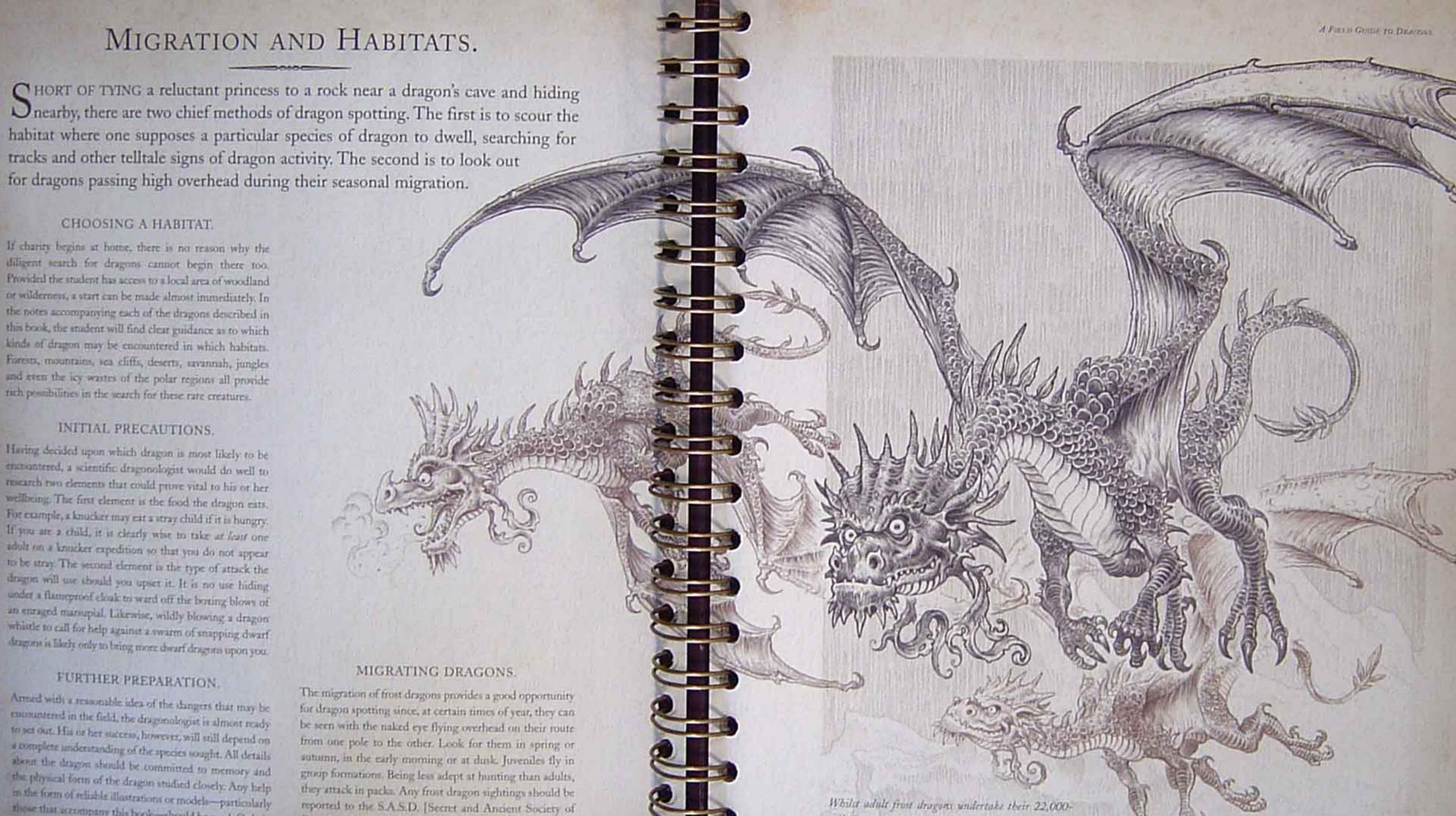
Please print off and read at your leisure.





"HAVING SPENT the best part of my life studying dragons, I have penned this field guide to help others interested in the budding science of dragonology. It contains detailed notes on all of the most important dragon species that may still be encountered in the wild, including some that have only recently been discovered. We can be reasonably sure, however, that this book will not be the last word on the subject. It must be hoped that those younger readers who grow up to become fully-fledged dragonologists themselves will be the ones to put flesh on the bare bones so far uncovered by a handful of brave dragonological pioneers."

St. Leonard's Forest, 1898



mile journey from the Arctic and back each year as a

soliting affair, inveniles often flack together to make

the two month migration as a group. Only the most

organized fly in a consistent W formation: W. S. X and even 'O' arrangements buse also been sighted.

in the form of reliable illustrations or models—particularly those that accompany this book—should be used. Only in this way can the dragonologist be sure of a true, positive identification of each and every species he or she meets.

Desgonologists] to help build on our knowledge of these

creatures. How they manage to fly thousands of miles to

the same place each year remains a complete mystery.

EQUIPMENT AND FIELDWORK.

BRIEFLY, TWO TYPES OF EQUIPMENT are required for serious fieldwork:

Bequipment used for tracking dragons and equipment used when dragons have
been found. The student should also take suitable clothes and provisions. There
being no space to cover this information in detail here, keen students are directed
to seek out a book that outlines the basic principles of exploration and read it from
cover to cover before starting out.

TRACKING EQUIPMENT.

All that is needed to start tracking dragons are your eyes and ears. With these you can search for tracks and other signs of dragon activity and listen out for angry roars or the beating of enormous leathery wings. Useful additional equipment is listed below. Noting on a map details such as the position of tracks, scat or other signs assists in building up a picture of a particular dragon's range and helps to locate its lair. Other useful items include a tracking stick in order to follow tracks, and some plaster of Paris in order to take impressions of footprints.



EQUIPMENT FOR ENCOUNTERS.

Equipment for dragon encounters varies according to the dragon sought but can include the following: a riddle book, a 'flameaway' hat, a hear-proof cloak, a dragon costume, some jewellery or other treasure, a quantity of fresh meat, boxing gloves, running shoes, or a book of mathematical sums as protection against hypnosis.

SIGNS OF DRAGON ACTIVITY.

- · Claw marks on the ground or on rocks or trees.
- · Abandoned villages, probably destroyed by enraged dragons.
- · Inexplicable mounds of charred skulls and bones.
- · Evidence of abundant scorebing.
- · Tail-resisting marks.



ITEMS OF NECESSITY.

- · A dragonological record book with a beat-proof cover.
- · A field guide to dragans [such as this one].
- · A large-scale topographical map of the area being searched.
- · A compan and pair of binoculars.
- · A beat-proof pen and ink or a 2B thetching pencil.
- · Special, heat-protective clothing.
- · A camera, in order to photograph the drugon.
- · A tracking stick, to search for faint tracks
- · A spade and bag, to collect samples of dragon scat

OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT.

- · A dragon subsistle, in order to attract dragons.
- A dragon born, which makes a roar like an angry dragon, in order to scare away dragons should they get too close.
- . Scat fram a female dragan, to atteast males.
- . A freshly rousted chicken or other taxty mortel to act as bait.

