How to GROVIA GARDEN



MAGIC CAT [PUBLISHING



To Horatio and Sacha, my two wonderful rephews, who helped me turn a book into an adventure—F.T.

For my niece Ava, who I hope will enjoy pointing at everything—C.A.



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INTRODUCTION

The natural world is a magnificent, magical place.

We often look without really seeing the incredible sights that greet our eyes. If aliens landed on this planet they would think they had found the most beautiful place in the universe. And yet it's so easy to miss what surrounds us.

Each page of this book has a different type of garden to explore, from places filled with flowers, to deep, dark woodlands, secretive hedgerows, vegetable patches, silvery streams and even hot, humid glasshouses.

As you move through each garden, discover which plants are perfectly adapted to grow and survive in the different conditions you find there — from hot to cold, and wet to dry, there really is a plant for every place.

Turn the pages and you will see that within these gardens is a whole other world, where species live and work together — and suddenly the magic of the world becomes more and more clear. At the end of each chapter you will find activities to help you grow, harvest and care for some of these plants in your own garden.

So, let's begin our mysterious journey of unpicking what you see and making sense of nature.

Because the more you understand it,
the more magical it is.
Trust me.



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FLOWERS & HERBS

Here is a place filled with shrubs and flower beds.

These spaces bring together beautiful colours,

scents and sounds - all for you to enjoy!

Most of the flowers in this section are 'hardy ornamentals'. As a general rule, if the plants are growing outside but not in a woodland, or in other forgotten areas, then they will be hardy ornamentals.

'Hardy' means that a plant can withstand very cold temperatures, while 'ornamental' means that they are attractive to look at. (In our opinion this is a bit silly to say, as many plants, like vegetables, are just as beautiful.)

Let's ga and discover

Some tagether!







& SPRING &

Plant for Pollinators: Sow a Sunflower Seed

Fill a pot with compost, wet it, then make a hole in the centre with your finger.

Put a sunflower seed into the hole, cover it over with compost and firm

Keep your pot warm and slightly damp until the first shoots poke through the compost.

it down with your fingers.

Once the weather really warms up, slowly get your plant used to being outside by putting it out during the day for one week and bringing it in at night. Then, plant it in the garden and wait for the bees to buzz by!



Healing Herbs: Grow Mint

Fill a little pot with compost and water it so it's damp. Then, make a hole in the compost.

Cut a sprig of healthy growth off some mint.

Snip the bottom of your stem just below a set of leaves. Then, remove all the leaves and any flower buds, leaving only the top set of leaves. Put this stem into the hole in the compost and firm all the compost around it so it's gently touching the stem.

Keep it on the windowsill, and water it when it dries out. In a couple of months, roots will appear at the bottom of the pot.

You can pick some mint leaves and pour hot water over them to make a healthy mint tea.





Plant Daffodils for the Spring

Go to the garden centre and buy some daffodil bulbs. They look brown and papery with a pointy top and a rooty, flat bottom.

Dig a hole that's three times
the length of the bulb. Place
the bulb into the hole with the
rooty end down. Bury it in the
ground and smooth over all the
soil so you can't even see where it
is. It'll be a lovely surprise when it grows
and flowers in February or March!

If you don't have a garden, you can plant bulbs into pots in exactly the same way, just make sure you keep them outside as they don't like to be stuck indoors.



Welcome the Wildlife

Don't cut everything back and make your garden too neat. Winter is a perfect excuse to be messy!

Brown stalks, mushy stems and leaves on the ground provide all kinds of places for small animals and creepy crawlies to hide — and all kinds of foods for birds and little creatures to eat when it's cold.

Wrap up warm and try sitting very still and see if you can spot any creatures.





Trees are some of the biggest things to have ever lived on Earth - bigger even than dinosaurs!

Trees can be ancient, too. The Fortingall Yew in Scotland is one of the oldest living things in the world. Some experts think it could be 5,000 years old! Just think of what it has lived through... centuries passing, battles raging, villages and towns springing up across the countryside and crumbling back to the ground again.

It is quite mystifying.



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