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extracts from

Patrick and the President

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Patrick raced home to change into a crisp shirt and tie (new) and freshly ironed shorts (old), and from there he made his way to Dunganstown, to his Swiss roll.

At the homestead, the world's press were waiting.

Mrs Ryan was on the ball: there were starched doilies,
freshly-cut triangle sandwiches, a smoked salmon centrepiece
and a cake, emblazoned with a picture of the president himself.

Inside the house, Patrick found a corner of the kitchen where he could be by himself. He plucked a knife from the drawer and, holding his breath, began to delicately cut the cake.

One ... two ... three ... four ... nearly there ... five!

Phew!

Perfect.



THE STORY OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY'S VISIT TO IRELAND IN 1963

In 1960, forty-three year-old John Fitzgerald Kennedy was elected president of the United States – the youngest and the first ever Catholic to hold that office. On 22 November, 1963, JFK was assassinated in Dallas, Texas. The death of this charismatic and energetic world leader was mourned the world over, and to this day he is considered one of the best-loved figures in American history.

John F. Kennedy always had close personal ties to Ireland. In the late 1840s, during the devastating potato famine, all eight of his great-grandparents left Ireland and immigrated to Boston, Massachusetts, where several family members became successful politicians. JFK treasured his Irish heritage, and after his presidential inauguration he was determined to return to his ancestral home and walk once more in the footsteps of his forefathers.

In April 1963, it was announced in Ireland that the American president was coming to visit. His trip was planned with military precision, and at every stop along his four-day trip tens of thousands of people flocked to catch a glimpse of him. JFK's visit to Ireland became, for a whole generation of Irish people, a momentous and unforgettable occasion in their lives.

"This is not the land of my birth but it is the land for which I hold the greatest affection." - John F. Kennedy



26 JUNE 1963 - DAY ONE

Dublin

At 8 p.m., Air Force One touches down at Dublin Airport. JFK is greeted by President Eamon de Valera and Taoiseach Seán Lemass. The Irish and American presidents both make short, formal speeches. With a 25 man motorcycle escort, they then make their way to Áras an Uachtaráin in Phoenix Park, the residence of the Irish president. As the motorcade passes through the city centre, more than 60,000 people line O'Connell Street to catch a glimpse of Kennedy.

97 JUNE 1963 - DAY TWO

New Ross

JFK travels by helicopter to O'Kennedy Park in New Ross, County Wexford. From the air, he sees the word PAILTE (WELCOME) spelled out by the shapes of children from the local school. A smiling and waving Kennedy is greeted by the Artane Boys' Band, and a cheir of 300 schoolchildren sing "The Boys of Wexford", known to be a favourite of the president's. The president walks ever and joins in on the second chorus, causing one American photographer to burst into tears. Afterwards, President Kennedy shakes hands with as many schoolchildren as be can reach. Later, addressing the crowds at the quays in New Ross, JFK says, "I am glad to be here. It took 115 years to make this trip. And 6,000 miles. And three generations. And I am proud to be here."

The materials of President John F. Kennedy makes its sury down crosed lined O'Connell Street during this solut to Dublin.



Dunganstown

JFK is driven to the Kennedy family homestead in Dunganstown, County Weaford. He is greeted by his distant consin Mary Ryan and meets many more members of the extended Ryan and Kennedy families. After visiting his cousins, JFK admires the feast that has been prepared for him outside: scenes, Swiss rolls, sandwises and tea. There is even a large cake with his image on the icing. Kennedy remarks, "We want to drink a cup of tea to all the Kennedys who wout and all the Kennedys who staved."

Wexford Harbour

At the Wexford harbourside, Kennedy lays a wreath in memory of Wexfordborn commodere John Barry, America's first commissioned naval officer, and is presented with the Freedom of the Tewn of Wexford.

Dublin: Iveagh House

Kennedy attends a state dinner and reception at the Department of External Affairs, Iveagh House, St Stephen's Green, in his honour.

Julia P. Economy interacts with a child in the around while he visits his family's ancestral flower in Dangaranteen.

28 JUNE 1963 - DAY THREE

Cork

Kennedy travels to Cork by helicopter and attends a reception in his honour.

Dublin: Arbour Hill

Kennedy returns to Dublin and visits Arbour Hill Cemetery, where he places a wreath on the graves of the executed leaders of the 1906 Easter Rising, becoming the first fereign head of state to honour them in a formal ceremony.

Leinster House

Kennedy addresses a Joint Sitting of the Houses of the Oireachtas (legislature) in Leinster House. A huge crowd gathers outside, awaiting a glimpse of the president.

Dublin Coutle

Kennedy makes his way to St Patrick's Hall in Dublin Castle, where he receives honorary degrees from both the National University of Ireland and Dublin University.

29 JUNE 1963 - DAY FOUR

Galiray

On his visit to Galway, Kennedy tells the gathered crowd, "If the day was clear enough, and if you went down to the hay and you looked west, and your sight was good enough, you would see Boston, Massachusetts."

Limerici

Kennedy greets crowds at Greenpark Racecourse in Limerick.

Showne

Before his departure from Shannon Airport, Kennedy is heard to remark, "I wish I could stay here for another week, or another month."



Julin F. Ernandy is acrosed tou and cake by his distant counts Mary Ryan at his Danganature homestrant.

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