

Lovereading4kids.co.uk is a book website created for parents and children to make choosing books easy and fun

Opening extract from The Amazing Dinosaur Detectives

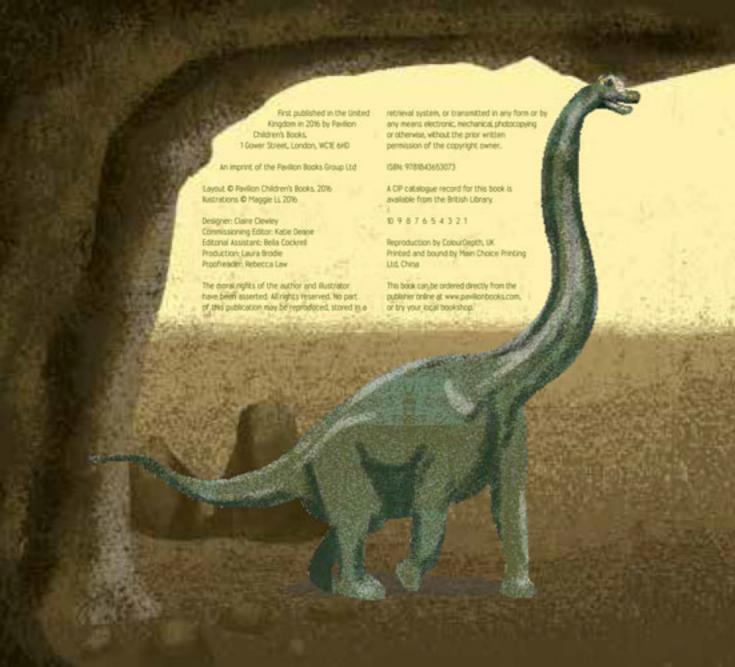
Written & Illustrated by **Maggie Li**

Published by **Pavilion Children's Books**

All Text is Copyright © of the Author and/or Illustrator

Please print off and read at your leisure.





PAVILION

DINGSAUR DETECTIVES

Facts, myths and quirks of the dinosaur world

MAGGIE LI

HEAVY ARMOURY

Dinosaurs had to be tough to survive and some had special spikes and plates to prevent them being injured during battles with other dinosaurs.

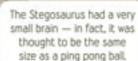
Armour came in many forms from the thickness of the skin, to size of spikes, to the amount of bone surrounding the skull

These great plates on the back were about the size of a dinner plate.

TAKE A CLOSER LOOK

Some of these characteristics have been passed on to animals still living today. Have a look at crocodiles with their armoury. turtles with their shell backs to protect themselves and hide away in, crabs and their pincer claws, scorpions and the sting in their tall, horned animals like rhinos and the tusks on elephants.

Not the cleverest dinosaur on the block!



The bony plates along its back may also have been used to absorb the heat. from the sun and keep them warm.



The Stegosaurus didn't have teeth at the front of its mouth, instead, it had a beak that helped it to eat vegetation, and then teeth further back in the mouth for chewing things.

STEGDSAURUS' STRENGHSI











The Ankylosaurus is often compared to a tank - low lying and strong!



it had two

rows of spikes

along its back.

MEAN FIGHTING MACHINES

Battles between dinosaurs were to the death. or until surrender. The armour was intended not only to protect them, but also inflict damage to their apponent. Look at the ANKYLOSAURUS - the spike studded back stopped hungry

dinosaurs sinking their teeth into the flesh, and the tail would swing around and take a great big thwack of the unsuspecting dinosaur.



The Ankylosaurus produces huge amounts of gas because of its diet.

JUST IMAGINE

If you want to imagine what the

Ankylosaurus' tail did, think of

a buildozer with a wrecking ball,

knocking a block of flats down.

You wouldn't want to get in the

way of that, would you?





Bony plates

covered the eyes

to protect them.









The only way to defeat the Ankylosaurus was to flip it over - but that wasn't an easy thing to dol:





CARNIVORES

Carnivore is the name given to a dinosaur that feeds on meat. They were fierce and frightening creatures!

Even though the arms are small (only 2 ft long or so), they were still very strong. T-Rex had a very keen sense of smell and good eyesight making it hard for prey to hide and get away!

SMALL BUT MIGHTY

The T-Rex was over 20ft tall, 40ft long that's the length of a tenn's court!

tatata

ST CARNIVOROUS DINGS
BUDGE OVER THERE

1

They had huge claws on their back legs for hunting with.

STARIES,

KING OF THE DINOSAURS?

The name Tyrannosaurus
Rex means 'Tryant Lizard
King' — and it was called this
because it was one of the
largest, meanest and most
terrifying carnivores
of the time!

FACT OR FICTION

The Spinosaurus was the first dinosaur to learn how to swim.

> under the rock for the abovert

Velociraptor means 'SPEEDY THIEF'.

WHO

YOU CALLING CHICKEN? Velociraptor's had feathers.

not scaly skin like most

dinosaurs. It was also the

same size of a large

chicken. But mean...

ma

Nobody knows if the tail was too heavy for the T-Rex to lift. It may have been dragged along the floor leaving a trail to be scared of! The T-Rex was able to move quickly because of its massive legs and huge toes. It could reach speeds of around 25mph.

CALLING ALL DINOSAUR DETECTIVES

Are you ready to discover the world of dinosaurs and uncover all their astonishing facts? Learn how to dig for bones, what parts of which dinosaur made them great and the reasons why (most of them!) are not roaming our lands today.

Hi, I'm a palaeontologist!

THE
BONE WA
Not only dino
fought! So di



PALAEONTOLOGIST

is a person just like you who studies bones and fossil

remains. They piece together clues about how the

extinct animal lived, looked like and behaved. Each fossil.

or bone tells only a tiny piece of each story, so it is a fit

like putting together a jigsaw with lots of little pieces.

BONE WARS
Not only dinosaurs
fought! So did the
palaeontologists
years ago in a battle
that became known
as THE BONE WARS!

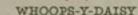


BUT WHAT WERE THE BONE WARS?

Our two palaeontologists, called Cope and Marsh, were busily finding out as much as they could about dinosaurs. It became a competition between them to see who could find out new and interesting things first.



2 Miller



Even these clever paleontologists made mistakes. Each year we gather more and more information from new fossils and finds across the world. This means that we may believe one thing then have it proved wrong — and have to update our records.

1. Here's a squid

swimming in the sea millions of

years ago.



yesterday

5 years ago

YOUR KIT BAG

These are some of the tools that are used to uncover the treasures lying beneath us in the ground and rock.

TORCH

CHISEL

2 million years ago

1 million

years ago

3 million years ago BRUSH

FOSSIL

A fossil is a bit of an animal, fish or plant that has been preserved in the earth's surface for milions of years. Everything we know about dinosaurs comes from finding and understanding these fossils.

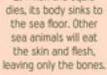
> But I don't understand how a bit of a plant BECOMES a fossi?

 This keeps on happening for years and years, and years and years, and years!

4. As times goes by, new layers of rocks, earth and mud sweep over the remaining bones burying them beneath the surface.

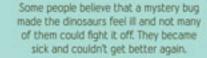
> Some of these bones will disintegrate leaving only the strongest bones.

2. When the squid dies, its body sinks to the sea floor. Other



IT'S A MYSTERY

Around 65 million years ago the dinosaurs suddenly disappeared. There are many thoughts about what happened...



















Some people believe that an asteroid from outer space crashed into the earth's surface, wiping out the dinosaurs with it.



Some people think that the temperature changed and it got really cold, making it impossible for the dinosaurs to keep on living. They couldn't keep warm enough!

HOWEVER. SOME SMALL ANIMALS, INSECTS AND REPTILES SURVIVED AND STILL LIVE WITH US TODAY ... TURN TO PAGE XXX FOR MORE.

TYPES OF DINOSAUR

There were so many types of dinosaurs ranging from two-legged quick runners to four legged-stompers.

Some dinosaurs ate meat, some ate plants, some ate both meat and plants. They all had special names:

herbivore = plant eater carnivore = meat eater omnivore = meat and plant eater

Keep reading to find out more about these three types of dinosaur!

HERBIVORES

CLASSIFICATION

SAUROPODS

Large herbivores that walked mainly on 4 legs

LARGE . THEROPODS

Large carnivores that walked on 2 legs

CERATOPIANS

Medium-sized horned herbivores that walked . mainly on 4 legs

ORNITHOMIMOSAURS

Ostrich-shaped herbivores or omnivores

SMALL THEROPODS

Small carnivores that walked on 2 legs

ANKYLOSAURIDS

Medium-sized herbivores that walked on 4 legs with armoured legs and tail spikes

CARNIVORES



OMNIVORES