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## extracts from 23 Ways to be a Great Artist

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#### ANDY WARHOL

# Pop Art Bag

**ARTIST FACT FILE** NAME: Andy Warhol

LIVED: 1928-1987 NATIONALITY: American

### you will need

- · canvas tote bag
- · sturdy cardboard
- (to put inside the bag while painting)
- · masking tape
- ruler
- pencil and eraser
- · fabric paint
- (various colours) • medium-sized
- paintbrush

## TOP TIP

You may need to wash your tote bag before working on it. Follow the instructions that come with your fabric paint.

Andy Warhol became famous for painting and screen printing images of everyday items such as soup cans and Coca-Cola bottles, as well as celebrities such as Marilyn Monroe (above). He would print the same image over and over, using different bright colours. In this project, you can use your own hand to make a printed bag inspired by Warhol's art.

> lo Insert a sturdy piece of cardboard inside the tote bag. This will stop the paint from bleeding through to the other side of the bag.

MARILYN PRINTS BY ANDY WARHOL, 1967

% Make sure your masking-tape square is large enough to fit tour of your hand prints inside.

**2.** Using masking tape, make a large square on your tote bag. This will give your artwork a neat edge.

the larger square into four quarters - one square for each colour.

## **3.** Using a sharpened pencil and a ruler, lightly divide

Think about it Andy Warhol didn't just use realistic colours in his prints - a person's hair could be yellow, blue or green! How many colours could you use together on a bag? You could make a whole set and give them to friends and family.

Wash your hands het ween each colour!

3. Paint in each square with a different colour fabric paint, using a mediumsized paintbrush. Let the paint dry completely.

> 5. Using contrasting colours, make hand prints on each square. Let these dry completely. Once the fabric paint has dried, gently remove the masking tape.







# Stencil Street Art

## **ARTIST FACT FILE**

NAME: Banksy BORN: 1973 NATIONALITY: British

vou will need • paper (plain white and card) • pencil and eraser • black marker pen · access to a scanner or photocopy machine (if possible)

• sharp scissors or craft knife (adult supervision required) · protective board or

- mat for cutting · wood, canvas panel or art paper
- · acrylic paint (various colours) · paintbrushes (various sizes) • small paint brayer (roller)

D anksy is a graffiti artist who has a distinctive and Overy popular style of spray painting images onto sides of buildings, walls and other public places. He mostly works in black and white, with only a hint of colour. Because graffiting other people's property without asking is illegal, Banksy has kept his identity a secret.

Look in books, magazines or on

2. Draw or trace the image on to

that it will be easy to tell what

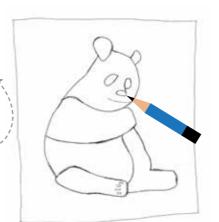
the Internet to find an image that

you would like to make into a stencil.

white paper, simplifying the shape so

areas will be cut out for the stencil.

\* Focus on the hasic shape and the areas that will be shaded, not on the small details.



J. Once you are happy with your drawing, make a photocopy of it.



3. Trace over the photocopied drawing with a black marker pen. Fill in all of the areas that you want to be painted when you use the stencil to make your final artwork. The black, shaded areas are the bits that will be cut out.

TOP TIP

Take your stencil one step further! To make your stencil sturdier so you can reuse it, trace your stencil onto a thicker piece of card and recut the stencil.

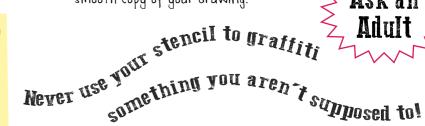
7. Now that you have created your stencil you can use it on whatever you want. White card, canvas or a wooden board will work well. Place the stencil sheet where you want the image to be on your artwork. Use a small paint brayer to roll paint over the stencil.

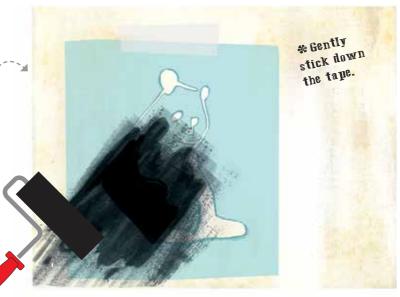
5. Once you have traced your drawing in black, make another photocopy of it.

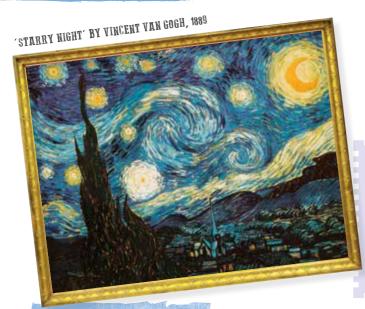
3. It is now time to make the stencil itself. Using the photocopy of the black marker-pen image, carefully cut out all the black areas with either scissors or a craft knife. Try to cut your areas out as neatly as possible so that when using the stencil, you get a good, smooth copy of your drawing.

**%A**sk an adult hefore you use a craft knife or sharp scissors.









# Starry Night Painting

### **ARTIST FACT FILE**

NAME: Vincent van Gogh (Pronounced: vin-sent van gokh) LIVED: 1853-1890 NATIONALITY: Dutch

### you will need

blank canvas board or canvas stretched on wood
pencil and eraser
molding paste

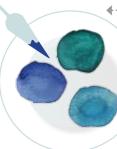
acrylic paint (various colours)
small palette knife (plastic or metal)

• small paintbrush for detailing

\* Paint mixed with molding paste will take longer to dry than paint on its own. Luckily, there is no need to wait until the sky is dry hefore painting the other parts of the picture. Van Gogh's Starry Night is one of the most popular paintings of all time. In this painting, Van Gogh's use of large brush strokes created the appearance of movement: the sky appears as though it is swirling here and there, giving the painting a colourful energy. Try out his technique for yourself!



**1**. Sketch out a version of Starry Night with a pencil, directly onto your canvas. The sky is a collection of swirly lines, crescent curves and circles.



In this project, we will use a palette knife and paint mixed with molding paste to achieve the effect of Van Gogh's large brush strokes and create a sense of movement. What other scenes can you think of that you could try painting using this style?

Think about it

**2.** Now begin filling your sky with colour. Use a palette knife, molding paste and three to four different shades of blue. Scoop a little molding paste onto your palette knife before scooping up a little paint, too. Keep the shades of blue separate and add a dab of colour here and there as you fill in the sky.

## TOP TIP

The strokes created with the palette knife should resemble the direction you want the wind or swirls to be going in. In van Gogh's painting, the wind is blowing to the right, but there are still swirls of wind going on around the bright yellow stars.





7. Using a small, pointed paintbrush and black paint, go over any pencil lines that are still visible. Your version of Starry Night is now complete!



**3** Move on to filling in the tall cypress tree and bright yellow stars and moon. Use two to three different yellows, and a touch of white to highlight areas throughout the entire painting.



It's time to paint the little village. With a very thin, pointed paintbrush, outline the village buildings and church with black paint.

G. mol sky out swi ligh sky

• Now that some of the molding paste has dried in the sky, lightly go over some of the outer areas and around the swirls with a palette knife and light blue paint, to bring the sky to life.

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